

## Supplementary Materials and Methods

### Fly strains and husbandry

*Drosophila melanogaster* lines used in this study include

<i>yellow-white</i>	$y^1 w^{1118}$	(source: BSC# 6598)
<i>IC-GFP</i>	$y^1 w^{1118} ; ; P\{3xind\_1.4-GFP\}$	(this study)
<i>IC-dsRed</i>	$y^1 w^{1118} ; P\{3xind\_1.4-dsRed\}$	(this study)
<i>VC-dsRed</i>	$y^1 w^{1118} ; ; P\{2xvnd\_743-dsRED\}$	(Karaiskos et al. 2017)
<i>vnd-lexA/VC:FNLDD</i> unpublished)	$y^1 w^{1118} ; M\{3xvnd-lexA:Cit\}^{attP\_ZH51C} ; P\{vnd:FNLDD\}$	(Krueger et al.,
<i>rho-lexA/VC:FNLDD</i> unpublished)	$y^1 w^{1118} ; M\{3xrho-lexA:Cit\}^{attP\_ZH51C} ; P\{vnd:FNLDD\}$	(Krueger et al.,

The *IC-GFP* and *IC-dsRed* lines were created by standard P-element transgenesis (Rubin & Spradling 1982) in a  $y^1 w^{1118}$  background. The *ind* enhancer (*ind\_1.4*) (Markstein et al. 2004) was cloned using primers (ngctagcgtcgacGCTTCAAAGCTCCGGGAAACG & nctcgagTCTGGGCCTTCGGTCCGAAAATG) flanked with NheI and Sall restriction sites (F primer) and with XhoI (R primer). PCR product was T/A cloned into pCRII-Duo and concatemerized using the compatibly cohesive sites XhoI and Sall. 3x *ind\_1.4* constructs were directionally subcloned into the P-element vectors pH-Stinger or pRed-HStinger (Barolo et al. 2004) using NheI and XhoI.

Fly stocks were maintained at 25°C, ~60% relative humidity on standard fly food with 12 hr light/dark cycles according to standard procedures. 2-hr embryo collections were done on apple juice agar plates with yeast paste after 3 x 1hr pre-lays in the morning, embryos were then aged for an appropriate amount of time at 25°C and ~60% relative humidity before dechoriation.

### DIV-SortSeq

This protocol incorporates portions from MARIS (Hrvatín et al. 2014). All steps after dechoriation were performed on ice, using ice-cold DEPC-treated solutions. Primary and secondary antibodies used in this study are listed in Table S1. RNase-free BSA was obtained from Gemini Bioproducts and is critical for isolation of high-quality RNA.

Embryos were collected, dechoriated, and dissociated into single-cell suspension in 15ml PBS, pH 7.5 using 8-12 strokes with the loose pestle of a glass dounce homogenizer. Large debris was removed via filtration with 2 x 90°-rotated sheets of Miracloth into a 15ml conical vial, followed by centrifugation at 40xg, 4°C, 3 min. The supernatant was transferred to a 15ml conical vial, cells were pelleted at 1000xg, 4°C, 3 min, washed with 1ml PBS, and fixed with 4% formaldehyde at 4°C, 15min. Cross-linking was stopped with Quench Buffer (2.5M Glycine in PBS). Fixed cells were washed twice with 1ml ice-cold PBS, and stored at 4°C overnight in 1ml RNA*later*<sup>TM</sup> (Thermo, AM7020). Cells were rehydrated via dilution in 9ml ice-cold PBS, centrifugation at 1000 xg, 10min, and washed twice in 1ml ice-cold PBS. Fixed cell suspensions were immunostained under RNase-free conditions with primary antibodies with agitation at 4 °C, 1.5-2h in 250µl Stain Buffer (1% BSA (w/v), 0.1% saponin, 1:200 RNase inhibitor in RNase-free

PBS). After washing 3x 5 min in 1ml Wash Buffer (0.2% BSA, 0.1% saponin in PBS), cells were incubated with conjugated secondary antibodies with agitation at 4°C, 45 min-1h in 250µl Stain Buffer. After washing 3x 5 min in 1ml Wash Buffer, cells were resuspended in 1ml Sort Buffer (0.5% BSA, 2mM EDTA, 1:500 RNase inhibitor in PBS) and filtered with a 70µm cell strainer. Filtered cells were subjected to FACS purification on the FACSaria II (BD Biosciences) and sorted cells collected in Collection Buffer (2% BSA, 1:100 RNase inhibitor in PBS).

FACS-purified cells were pelleted and resuspended in 200µl Digestion Buffer (5M NaCl, 1M Tris-HCl pH 8.0, 200mM EDTA, 10% SDS, 3.2U Proteinase K, 1:100 RNase inhibitor) and incubated at 50°C, 15min (Proteinase K digestion) followed by 80°C, 15min (reversal of formaldehyde cross-links). Samples were transferred to ice and resuspended in 600µl TRIzol™ LS Reagent (Thermo, 10296028). RNA was isolated using the DirectZol™ RNA MicroPrep Kit (Zymo Research, R2060) according to the manufacturer's instructions. RNA concentration was measured using the Qubit™ RNA HS Assay kit (Thermo, Q32852) and RNA quality determined using the Agilent RNA 6000 Pico Kit (Agilent, 5067-1513). All RNA-seq libraries were constructed using the NuGEN Ovation *Drosophila* RNA-Seq System with 10 ng – 100 ng total RNA input. Library concentration was quantified using the Qubit™ dsDNA HS Assay (Thermo, Q32854) and quality was determined on a BioAnalyzer™ using Agilent High Sensitivity DNA Kits (Agilent, 5067-4626). All libraries were sequenced on the Illumina HiSeq4000 at a mean depth of 62.5 million 75bp paired-end reads per sample. RNA-seq datasets generated for this study are detailed in Tables S5 and S6. A detailed, step-wise protocol is available upon request.

#### *Nuclear-cytoplasmic fractionation*

The cell fractionation procedure incorporates portions from MARIS (Hrvatín et al. 2014). All steps were performed on ice, using ice-cold DEPC-treated solutions, and all centrifugation steps were performed at 4°C. Embryos were processed to single-cell suspension as described above for *DIV*-SortSeq, then pelleted and resuspended in Cyto Extract Buffer (20mM Tris pH 7.6, 0.1mM EDTA, 2mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>). After hypotonic swelling, cells were gently lysed by addition of 0.6% CHAPS for isolation of the cytoplasmic fraction. Nuclei were pelleted at 500xg for 5min, and the supernatant retained, and an appropriate volume of TRIzol™ LS Reagent was added (cytoplasmic fraction).

Nuclei were washed with Nuclei Wash Buffer (20mM Tris pH 7.6, 0.1mM EDTA, 2mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 0.6% CHAPS), resuspended in Nuclei Resuspension Buffer (10mM Tris, pH 7.6, 150mM NaCl, 0.15% NP-40) and pelleted at 12,000xg, 10min in Sucrose Buffer (10mM Tris, pH 7.5, 150mM NaCl, 24% sucrose). After washing (1mM EDTA in PBS), nuclei pellet was resuspended in TRIzol™ Reagent. RNA was isolated and concentration and quality determined as described for above for *DIV*-SortSeq.

#### *Quantitative RT-PCR (qPCR)*

50ng of total RNA was reverse-transcribed with the QuantiTect Reverse Transcription kit (Qiagen, 205310) in a total volume of 20µl, according to the manufacturer's instructions. For each gene, 0.2µl

cDNA was used for input into qPCR using SensiFAST™ SYBR® No-ROX Kit (Bioline, 98020) and 5µM forward and reverse primers in a total volume of 20µl. qPCR primer sequences are listed in Table S2. qPCR thermal cycling and fluorescent data acquisition was performed using the BioRad CFX96 Touch™ Real-Time PCR Detection System. Expression fold changes were calculated via the  $\Delta\Delta C_T$  method (Vandesompele et al. 2002; Schmittgen & Livak 2008), normalized to the mean  $C_T$  of two reference genes: *α-tubulin* and *actin 42A*.

*RNA probe design and synthesis for RNA in situ hybridization.*

Where available, cDNA clones were obtained from the *Drosophila* Gene Collection or *Drosophila* Genomics Resource Center (Stapleton et al. 2002), detailed in Table S3. Constructs were linearized via restriction digestion, and subjected to *in vitro* transcription using appropriate RNA Polymerases (Roche), using ribonucleotide mixtures containing dUTP-DIG, -FITC, or -Biotin (Roche).

Where cDNA clones were not available, PCR primers were designed to amplify a region within the transcribed locus from genomic DNA. Primer sequences are detailed in Table S4. A T7 promoter sequence appended to the reverse primer allowed *in vitro* transcription directly from the PCR product. After template digest by DNaseI, RNA probes were sheared at 65°C for 3-20 min in carbonation buffer (120mM Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>, 80mM NaHCO<sub>3</sub>, pH 10.2), length of carbonation depended on probe length. RNA probes were precipitated at -20°C overnight and resuspended in Hyb-A Buffer (50% formamide, 5X SSC, 0.1% Tween-20).

## Supplementary Tables

### Table S1. VST counts by gene across datasets

[Click here to Download Table S1](#)

### Table S2. Neurogenic coding genes

[Click here to Download Table S2](#)

### Table S3. Enriched lncRNAs

[Click here to Download Table S3](#)

**Table S4.** Length-scaled TPMs[Click here to Download Table S4](#)**Table S5.** PhyloCSF analysis[Click here to Download Table S5](#)*Column interpretation for Table S5: PhyloCSF*

Intervals	Intervals of the input transcript
Strand	Strand
TranscriptName	Name from the input bed file
TrUCSCview	Link to show the entire transcript in UCSC browser
ORFintervals	Intervals of the ORF (not including the stop codon)
ORFstart	0-based transcript coordinate of first base of ORF
ORFend	0-based transcript coordinate of last base of ORF
NumCodons	Number of codons in the ORF
PhyloCSF	Raw PhyloCSF score of the ORF
RelBL	Fraction of branch length of the phylogenetic tree spanned by species present in the alignment of this ORF
ScorePerCodon	PhyloCSF divided by NumCodons
PhyloCSFPsi	Length adjusted score, a log likelihood, in decibans
Pval	Probability a region of this length, none-of-which has ever been coding, has this score or higher
CorrectedPvalTr	p-val with Holm-Bonferroni correction for number of ORFs in this transcript
CorrectedPvalAll	p-val with Holm-Bonferroni correction for total number of ORFs
FDR	Benjamini & Hochberg false discovery rate.
LocalFDR	Local FDR (Efron et al. 2001).
AntiScorePerCodon	Score on opposite strand in frame that shares 3rd codon position
ScoreDiff	ScorePerCodon - AntiScorePerCodon
GC	GC content of ORF
CpGratio	Number of CpGs in ORF divided by the expected number based on C and G content
CodAlignView	Link to view ORF alignment in CodAlignView, the Codon Alignment Viewer, with 10-codon context on each side
OrfUCSCview	Link to show the ORF in UCSC browser

Table S6: Primary and secondary antibodies used in this study

Target	Supplier	Catalog #	Application	Antibody Type	Conjugate	Dilution
RFP	Thermo	710530	Primary	Rabbit polyclonal	N/A	1:500
GFP	Thermo	G10362	Primary	Rabbit polyclonal	N/A	1:500
Pros	DSHB	MR1A	Primary	Mouse monoclonal	N/A	1:20
Elav	DSHB	9F8A9	Primary	Mouse monoclonal	N/A	1:500
Repo	DSHB	8D12	Primary	Mouse monoclonal	N/A	1:20
Rabbit IgG	Thermo	A21428	Secondary	Goat polyclonal	Alexa Fluor 555	1:500
Mouse IgG	Thermo	A32727	Secondary	Goat polyclonal	Alexa Fluor 555	1:500

Table S7: qPCR primer sequences

Target	Forward primer	Reverse primer	Size (bp)
<i>α-Tubulin</i>	TGTCGCGTGTGAAACACTTC	AGCAGGCGTTTCCAATCTG	585
<i>Actin 42A</i>	GCGTCGGTCAATTCAATCTT	AAGCTGCAACCTCTTCGTCA	292
<i>Prospero</i>	CGGCATGGCTCCTACTTCTT	TAGCGCACCCAGAAGAACAT	78
<i>Worniu</i>	ATGGATAAACTCAAGTACAGCCG	AAGTCCACTGGTCCTTCATCA	107
<i>Elav</i>	ACGCTCCTGCCACAGAAAAA	CGTCGCCGTATTTTCGCTC	211
<i>Lim3</i>	GATGGAGGATCGTAAGCTGATCT	GTAGGCCGTTTTTCAGGGTCTC	154
<i>Repo</i>	CTCCGCCAAGTAGTTCCTCC	AGGCAGTAAAGGTGGTTCTCG	216
<i>Gcm</i>	ACAAGGCCAGAAGGAAGCAG	CAAGCCTGGATTTCCAAGCGA	76

Table S8: List of commercially-available cDNA clones for RNA probe synthesis

RNA target	DGRC Reference #
<i>ind</i>	RT01026
<i>vnd</i>	PCSP6029
<i>pros</i>	LD37627
<i>elav</i>	LD33076-IR
<i>repo</i>	GH05443-dg
CR30009	RE30084
CR32730	RE54940
CR32111	RE52337

Table S9: PCR primer sequences for RNA probe synthesis

Target	Forward primer	T7 promoter + Reverse primer	Size (bp)
CR46003	TGTGTCGCACAGGATGTGT	TAATACGACTCACTATAGGTGCTGGCGGGGAAATTATGT	908
<i>cherub</i>	CGAGGAACCTTCGGTGCATA	TAATACGACTCACTATAGGGCTTGGGTGATTTTCGAGGGA	1511
CR44024	GTGTCGTGTCGGGTAAGTGT	TAATACGACTCACTATAGGAAGTGGCCTGTCTCAGAACG	1268
CR32111	GTATGCGCTCGAACTCGGTAA	TAATACGACTCACTATAGGGCCGGCATGAGCAAACACAAA	1232

Table S10: Summary of RNA-seq datasets – DIV-SortSeq

Sample name	Fly line	Target protein	Cell Type	Enriched/depleted	Time point	Replicate	# reads (M)
4-6h_Ind-neg_1	IC-dsRed	dsRed	Intermediate column	Depleted	4-6h	1	89.9
4-6h_Ind-neg_2	IC-dsRed	dsRed	Intermediate column	Depleted	4-6h	2	140.1
4-6h_Ind-pos_1	IC-dsRed	dsRed	Intermediate column	Enriched	4-6h	1	76.2
4-6h_Ind-pos_2	IC-dsRed	dsRed	Intermediate column	Enriched	4-6h	2	81.6
4-6h_Vnd-neg_1	VC-dsRed	dsRed	Ventral column	Depleted	4-6h	1	62.6
4-6h_Vnd-neg_2	VC-dsRed	dsRed	Ventral column	Depleted	4-6h	2	64.3
4-6h_Vnd-pos_1	VC-dsRed	dsRed	Ventral column	Enriched	4-6h	1	61.4
4-6h_Vnd-pos_2	VC-dsRed	dsRed	Ventral column	Enriched	4-6h	2	65.6
4-6h_Pros-neg_1	vnd-lexA/VC:FNLDD	Prospero	Neuroblasts	Depleted	4-6h	1	59.8
4-6h_Pros-neg_2	vnd-lexA/VC:FNLDD	Prospero	Neuroblasts	Depleted	4-6h	2	79.1
4-6h_Pros-pos_1	vnd-lexA/VC:FNLDD	Prospero	Neuroblasts	Enriched	4-6h	1	61.9
4-6h_Pros-pos_2	vnd-lexA/VC:FNLDD	Prospero	Neuroblasts	Enriched	4-6h	2	59.1
6-8h_Ind-neg_1	IC-GFP	GFP	Intermediate column	Depleted	6-8h	1	61
6-8h_Ind-neg_2	IC-GFP	GFP	Intermediate column	Depleted	6-8h	2	59.9
6-8h_Ind-pos_1	IC-GFP	GFP	Intermediate column	Enriched	6-8h	1	57
6-8h_Ind-pos_2	IC-GFP	GFP	Intermediate column	Enriched	6-8h	2	70.9
6-8h_Vnd-neg_1	VC-dsRed	dsRed	Ventral column	Depleted	6-8h	1	73.2
6-8h_Vnd-neg_2	VC-dsRed	dsRed	Ventral column	Depleted	6-8h	2	61
6-8h_Vnd-pos_1	VC-dsRed	dsRed	Ventral column	Enriched	6-8h	1	61.6
6-8h_Vnd-pos_2	VC-dsRed	dsRed	Ventral column	Enriched	6-8h	2	73.9
6-8h_Pros-neg_1	vnd-lexA/VC:FNLDD	Prospero	Neuroblasts	Depleted	6-8h	1	64.5
6-8h_Pros-neg_2	vnd-lexA/VC:FNLDD	Prospero	Neuroblasts	Depleted	6-8h	2	76.6
6-8h_Pros-pos_1	vnd-lexA/VC:FNLDD	Prospero	Neuroblasts	Enriched	6-8h	1	54.3
6-8h_Pros-pos_2	vnd-lexA/VC:FNLDD	Prospero	Neuroblasts	Enriched	6-8h	2	58.8
6-8h_Elav-neg_1	IC-GFP	Elav	Neurons	Depleted	6-8h	1	62.2
6-8h_Elav-neg_2	yw	Elav	Neurons	Depleted	6-8h	2	57.2
6-8h_Elav-pos_1	IC-GFP	Elav	Neurons	Enriched	6-8h	1	53.8
6-8h_Elav-pos_2	yw	Elav	Neurons	Enriched	6-8h	2	70.4
6-8h_Repo-neg_1	IC-GFP	Repo	Glia	Depleted	6-8h	1	59.6
6-8h_Repo-neg_2	IC-GFP	Repo	Glia	Depleted	6-8h	2	71.4
6-8h_Repo-pos_1	IC-GFP	Repo	Glia	Enriched	6-8h	1	66.6
6-8h_Repo-pos_2	IC-GFP	Repo	Glia	Enriched	6-8h	2	56.8
8-10h_Elav-neg_1	y w	Elav	Neurons	Depleted	8-10h	1	74.5
8-10h_Elav-neg_2	y w	Elav	Neurons	Depleted	8-10h	2	44.1
8-10h_Elav-pos_1	y w	Elav	Neurons	Enriched	8-10h	1	69.9
8-10h_Elav-pos_2	y w	Elav	Neurons	Enriched	8-10h	2	62.9
8-10h_Repo-neg_1	vnd-lexA/VC:FNLDD	Repo	Glia	Depleted	8-10h	1	61.5
8-10h_Repo-neg_2	vnd-lexA/VC:FNLDD	Repo	Glia	Depleted	8-10h	2	60.9
8-10h_Repo-pos_1	vnd-lexA/VC:FNLDD	Repo	Glia	Enriched	8-10h	1	61.4

8-10h_Repo-pos_2	vnd-lexA/VC:FNLDD	Repo	Glia	Enriched	8-10h	2	65.6
18-22h_Elav-neg_1	vnd-lexA/VC:FNLDD	Elav	Neurons	Depleted	18-22h	1	68.6
18-22h_Elav-neg_2	vnd-lexA/VC:FNLDD	Elav	Neurons	Depleted	18-22h	2	61.9
18-22h_Elav-pos_1	vnd-lexA/VC:FNLDD	Elav	Neurons	Enriched	18-22h	1	66
18-22h_Elav-pos_2	vnd-lexA/VC:FNLDD	Elav	Neurons	Enriched	18-22h	2	63.9
18-22h_Repo-neg_1	vnd-lexA/VC:FNLDD	Repo	Glia	Depleted	18-22h	1	58.3
18-22h_Repo-neg_2	vnd-lexA/VC:FNLDD	Repo	Glia	Depleted	18-22h	2	63.4
18-22h_Repo-pos_1	vnd-lexA/VC:FNLDD	Repo	Glia	Enriched	18-22h	1	70.5
18-22h_Repo-pos_2	vnd-lexA/VC:FNLDD	Repo	Glia	Enriched	18-22h	2	75.9

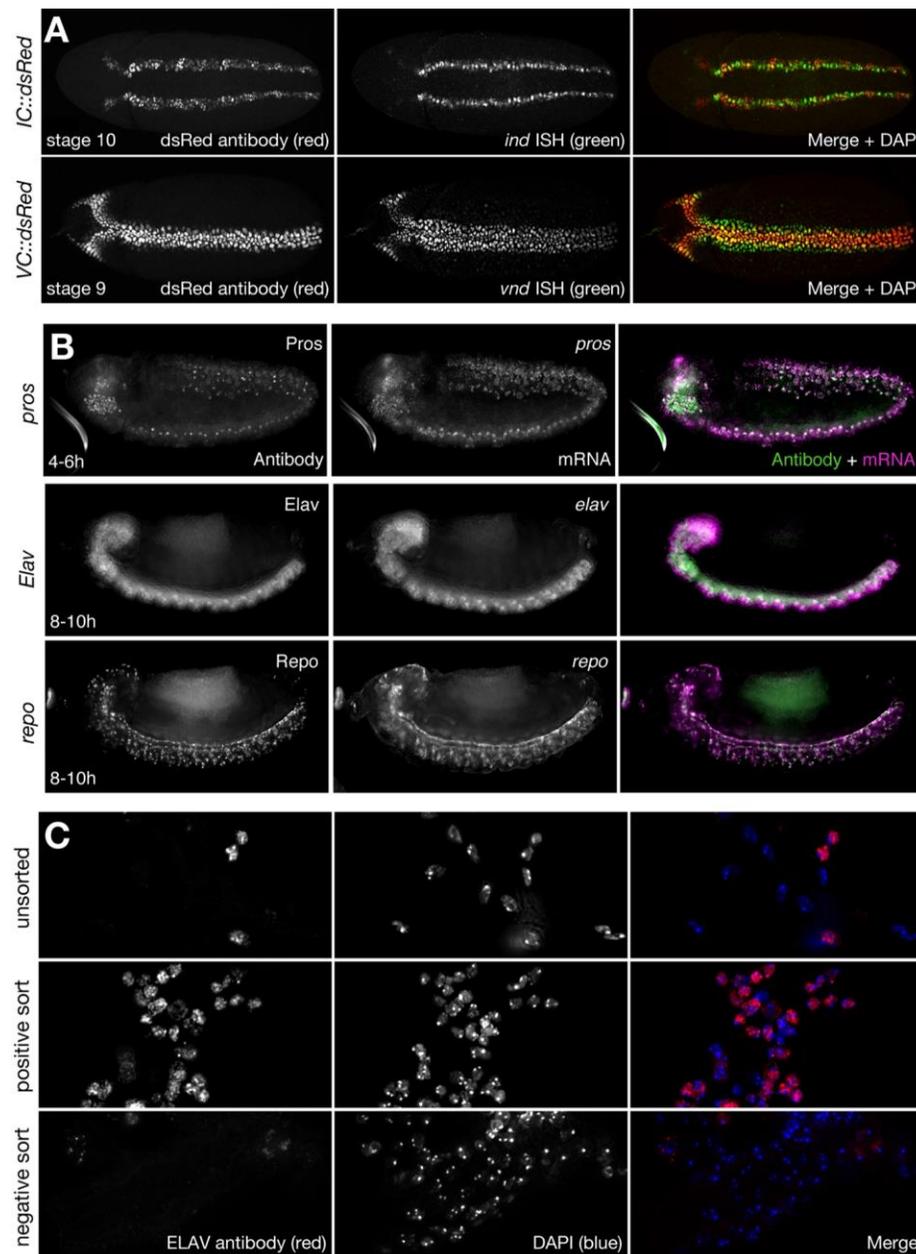
Table S11: Summary of RNA-seq datasets – Fractionation-Seq

Sample name	Fly line	Fraction	Time point	Replicate	Number of reads (M)
Cyto_18-22h_1	<i>rho-lexA/VC:FNLDD</i>	Cytoplasmic	18-22h	1	163.2
Cyto_18-22h_2	<i>rho-lexA/VC:FNLDD</i>	Cytoplasmic	18-22h	2	179.1
Cyto_6-8h_1	<i>rho-lexA/VC:FNLDD</i>	Cytoplasmic	6-8h	1	189.3
Cyto_6-8h_2	<i>rho-lexA/VC:FNLDD</i>	Cytoplasmic	6-8h	2	179.3
Nuc_18-22h_1	<i>rho-lexA/VC:FNLDD</i>	Nuclear	18-22h	1	203
Nuc_18-22h_2	<i>rho-lexA/VC:FNLDD</i>	Nuclear	18-22h	2	176.1
Nuc_6-8h_1	<i>rho-lexA/VC:FNLDD</i>	Nuclear	6-8h	1	193.9
Nuc_6-8h_2	<i>rho-lexA/VC:FNLDD</i>	Nuclear	6-8h	2	193.7
Whole_18-22h_1	<i>rho-lexA/VC:FNLDD</i>	Whole embryo	18-22h	1	183.2
Whole_18-22h_2	<i>rho-lexA/VC:FNLDD</i>	Whole embryo	18-22h	2	180.7
Whole_6-8h_1	<i>rho-lexA/VC:FNLDD</i>	Whole embryo	6-8h	1	197.4
Whole_6-8h_2	<i>rho-lexA/VC:FNLDD</i>	Whole embryo	6-8h	2	196.1

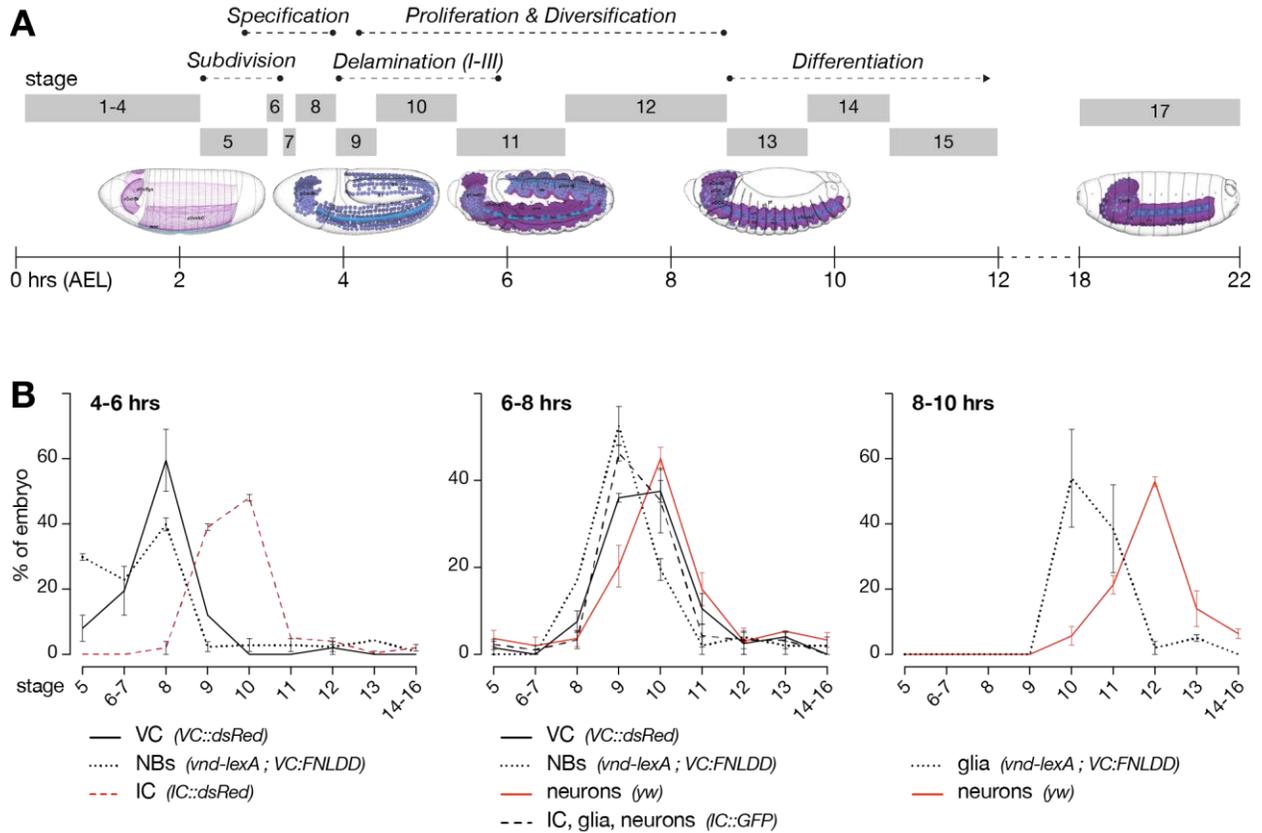
Table S12: All protein-coding 'computed genes' correlated ( $r > 0.9$ ) with neurogenic marker genes in DIV-SortSeq expression data

<i>Flybase ID</i>	<i>Annotation ID</i>	<b>FBgn0025626</b>	CG4281	<b>FBgn0032512</b>	CG9305	<b>FBgn0030223</b>	CG2111
<b>FBgn0036725</b>	CG18265	<b>FBgn0035213</b>	CG2199	<b>FBgn0037644</b>	CG11964	<b>FBgn0051030</b>	CG31030
<b>FBgn0034009</b>	CG8155	<b>FBgn0031403</b>	CG15387	<b>FBgn0040385</b>	CG12496	<b>FBgn0035903</b>	CG6765
<b>FBgn0036008</b>	CG3408	<b>FBgn0043456</b>	CG4747	<b>FBgn0033802</b>	CG17724	<b>FBgn0030595</b>	CG14406
<b>FBgn0030017</b>	CG2278	<b>FBgn0052428</b>	CG32428	<b>FBgn0039733</b>	CG11504	<b>FBgn0033983</b>	CG10253
<b>FBgn0264449</b>	CG43867	<b>FBgn0031062</b>	CG14230	<b>FBgn0037504</b>	CG1142	<b>FBgn0031955</b>	CG14535
<b>FBgn0051235</b>	CG31235	<b>FBgn0035315</b>	CG8960	<b>FBgn0036522</b>	CG7372	<b>FBgn0033497</b>	CG12912
<b>FBgn0037166</b>	CG11426	<b>FBgn0032050</b>	CG13096	<b>FBgn0035402</b>	CG12082	<b>FBgn0034154</b>	CG5267
<b>FBgn0032752</b>	CG10702	<b>FBgn0038552</b>	CG18012	<b>FBgn0031769</b>	CG9135	<b>FBgn0033872</b>	CG6329
<b>FBgn0038114</b>	CG11670	<b>FBgn0031764</b>	CG9107	<b>FBgn0038551</b>	CG7357	<b>FBgn0030588</b>	CG9521
<b>FBgn0037206</b>	CG12768	<b>FBgn0035878</b>	CG7182	<b>FBgn0032348</b>	CG4751	<b>FBgn0085382</b>	CG34353
<b>FBgn0032485</b>	CG9426	<b>FBgn0034073</b>	CG8414	<b>FBgn0035987</b>	CG3689	<b>FBgn0085218</b>	CG34189
<b>FBgn0038321</b>	CG6218	<b>FBgn0033766</b>	CG8771	<b>FBgn0037918</b>	CG6791	<b>FBgn0030594</b>	CG9509
<b>FBgn0038720</b>	CG6231	<b>FBgn0037958</b>	CG6962	<b>FBgn0035872</b>	CG7185	<b>FBgn0034459</b>	CG16716
<b>FBgn0033283</b>	CG11635	<b>FBgn0034447</b>	CG7744	<b>FBgn0031529</b>	CG9662	<b>FBgn0259823</b>	CG42404
<b>FBgn0043806</b>	CG32032	<b>FBgn0035842</b>	CG7504	<b>FBgn0031492</b>	CG3542	<b>FBgn0032800</b>	CG10137
<b>FBgn0033287</b>	CG8701	<b>FBgn0038272</b>	CG7265	<b>FBgn0086855</b>	CG17078	<b>FBgn0038926</b>	CG13409
<b>FBgn0031540</b>	CG3238	<b>FBgn0039544</b>	CG12877	<b>FBgn0033990</b>	CG10265	<b>FBgn0039064</b>	CG4467
<b>FBgn0031961</b>	CG7102	<b>FBgn0033615</b>	CG7741	<b>FBgn0032454</b>	CG5787	<b>FBgn0259163</b>	CG42268
<b>FBgn0040984</b>	CG4440	<b>FBgn0030122</b>	CG16892	<b>FBgn0037622</b>	CG8202	<b>FBgn0259994</b>	CG42492
<b>FBgn0026876</b>	CG11403	<b>FBgn0051365</b>	CG31365	<b>FBgn0032751</b>	CG17343	<b>FBgn0039030</b>	CG6660
<b>FBgn0035689</b>	CG7376	<b>FBgn0052318</b>	CG32318	<b>FBgn0266917</b>	CG16941	<b>FBgn0036579</b>	CG5027
<b>FBgn0025388</b>	CG12179	<b>FBgn0039566</b>	CG4849	<b>FBgn0034114</b>	CG4282	<b>FBgn0029708</b>	CG3556
<b>FBgn0036503</b>	CG13454	<b>FBgn0037746</b>	CG8478	<b>FBgn0034750</b>	CG3732	<b>FBgn0030586</b>	CG12539
<b>FBgn0040809</b>	CG13465	<b>FBgn0030813</b>	CG4949	<b>FBgn0030738</b>	CG9915	<b>FBgn0038596</b>	CG14312
<b>FBgn0032489</b>	CG15480	<b>FBgn0029825</b>	CG12728	<b>FBgn0035235</b>	CG7879	<b>FBgn0263072</b>	CG43347
<b>FBgn0041702</b>	CG15107	<b>FBgn0038768</b>	CG4936	<b>FBgn0028474</b>	CG4119	<b>FBgn0037525</b>	CG17816
<b>FBgn0034403</b>	CG18190	<b>FBgn0037149</b>	CG14561	<b>FBgn0085451</b>	CG34422	<b>FBgn0030742</b>	CG9919
<b>FBgn0031070</b>	CG12702	<b>FBgn0037372</b>	CG2091	<b>FBgn0030293</b>	CG1737	<b>FBgn0265084</b>	CG44195
<b>FBgn0250754</b>	CG42232	<b>FBgn0030915</b>	CG6179	<b>FBgn0050020</b>	CG30020	<b>FBgn0030592</b>	CG9514
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<b>FBgn0028506</b>	CG4455	<b>FBgn0039743</b>	CG7946	<b>FBgn0035677</b>	CG13293	<b>FBgn0039024</b>	CG4721
<b>FBgn0037844</b>	CG4570	<b>FBgn0262719</b>	CG43163	<b>FBgn0036202</b>	CG6024	<b>FBgn0032897</b>	CG9336
<b>FBgn0037924</b>	CG14712	<b>FBgn0036886</b>	CG9300	<b>FBgn0035643</b>	CG13287	<b>FBgn0034128</b>	CG4409
<b>FBgn0035464</b>	CG12006	<b>FBgn0034264</b>	CG10933	<b>FBgn0034184</b>	CG9646	<b>FBgn0034417</b>	CG15117
<b>FBgn0027602</b>	CG8611	<b>FBgn0025627</b>	CG4194	<b>FBgn0052105</b>	CG32105	<b>FBgn0031816</b>	CG16947
<b>FBgn0037051</b>	CG10565	<b>FBgn0032682</b>	CG10176	<b>FBgn0031257</b>	CG4133	<b>FBgn0030261</b>	CG15203
<b>FBgn0052756</b>	CG32756	<b>FBgn0031001</b>	CG7884	<b>FBgn0037050</b>	CG10566	<b>FBgn0033446</b>	CG1648
<b>FBgn0036710</b>	CG6479	<b>FBgn0037213</b>	CG12581	<b>FBgn0025712</b>	CG13920	<b>FBgn0052354</b>	CG32354
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<b>FBgn0033169</b>	CG11123	<b>FBgn0035414</b>	CG14965	<b>FBgn0039808</b>	CG12071	<b>FBgn0083972</b>	CG34136
<b>FBgn0029672</b>	CG2875	<b>FBgn0036214</b>	CG7264	<b>FBgn0030508</b>	CG15760	<b>FBgn0031589</b>	CG3714
<b>FBgn0025633</b>	CG13366	<b>FBgn0030317</b>	CG1561	<b>FBgn0033960</b>	CG10151	<b>FBgn0036760</b>	CG5567
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<b>FBgn0030768</b>	CG9723	<b>FBgn0031597</b>	CG17612	<b>FBgn0052085</b>	CG32085		
		<b>FBgn0036483</b>	CG12316	<b>FBgn0030012</b>	CG18262		

## Supplementary Figures

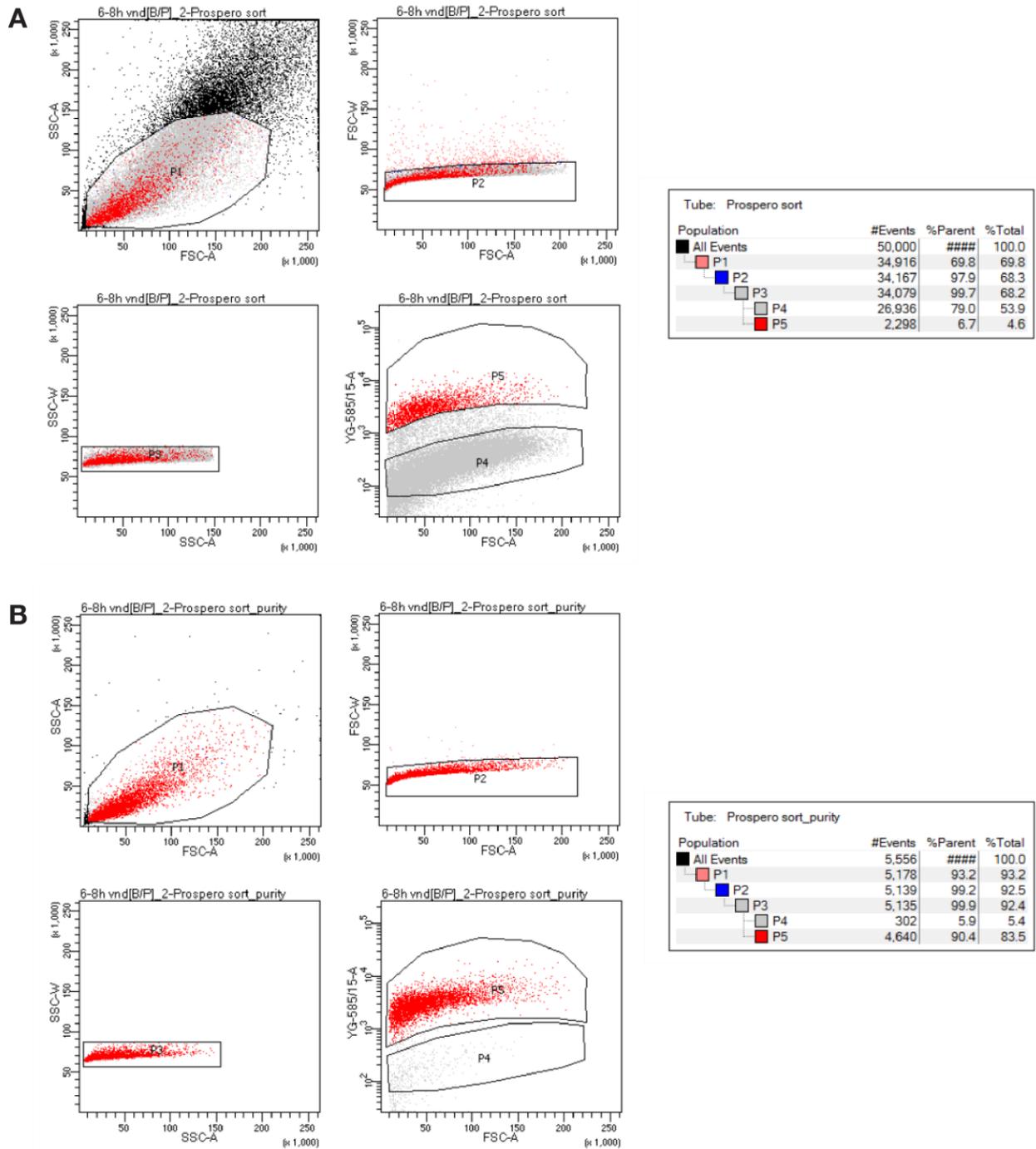
**Fig. S1: Neurogenic cell populations can be faithfully marked and purified**

(A) Visualization of fluorescent reporter expression in *VC-dsRed* (top panel) and *IC-dsRed* (bottom panel) transgenic embryos. Tissue reporter shown on left and in red by antibody stain, expression of the tissue marker is shown in the middle and in green by *in situ* hybridization. Shown are whole mount embryos, ventral views anterior left. (B) Multiplex whole mount immunohistochemistry (green) and RNA-FISH (magenta) show faithfulness of the antibody sorting markers for neuroblasts (Pros; top panel) at 4-6h, and neurons (Elav; middle panel) and glia (Repo; bottom panel) at 8-10h. (C) Immunohistochemical staining of endogenous Elav protein in cells of dissociated embryos pre- and post-FACS.



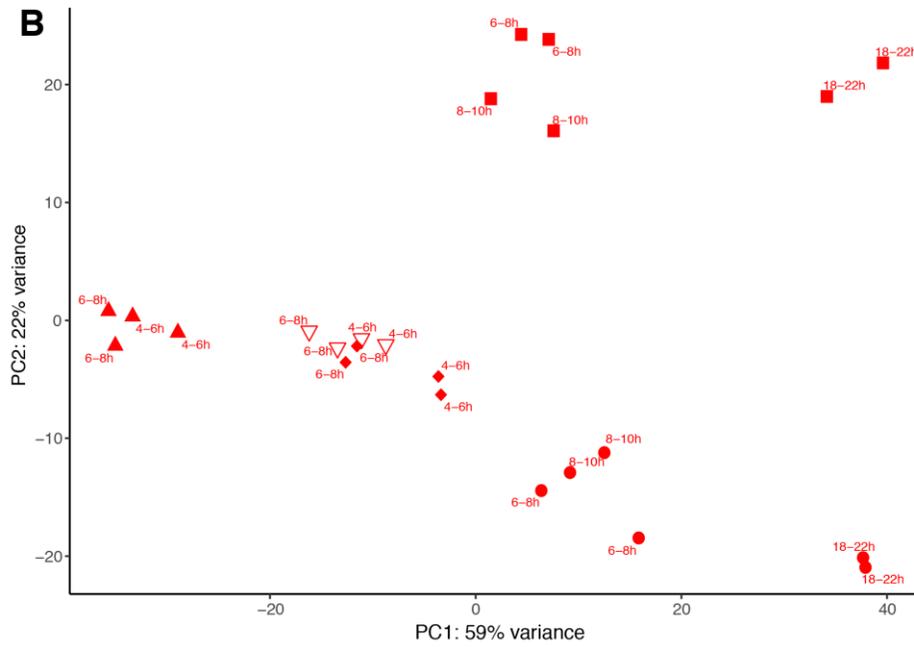
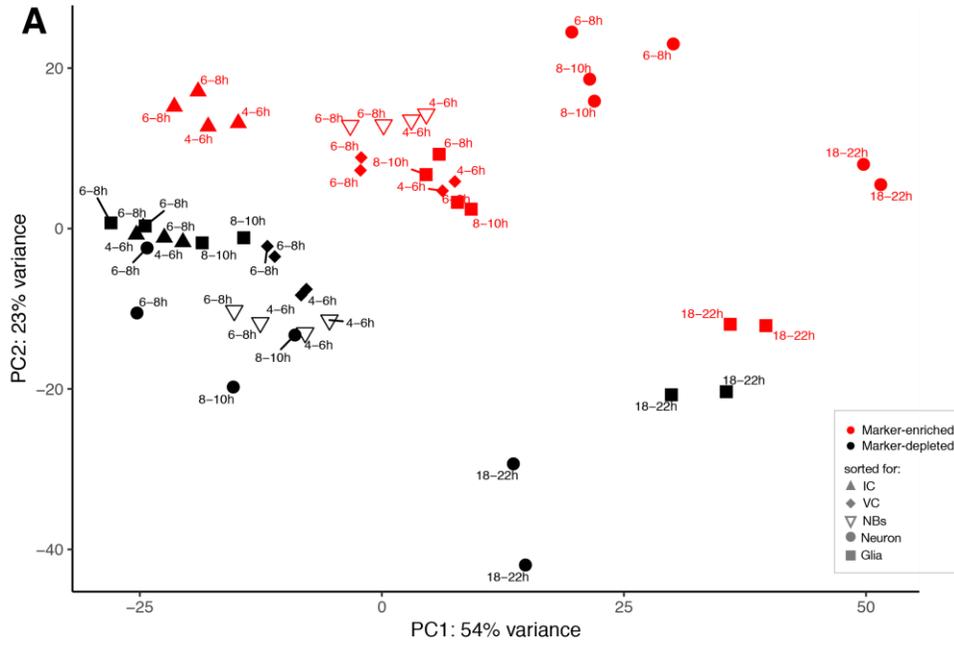
**Fig. S2: Timed embryo collections encompass major neurogenic events**

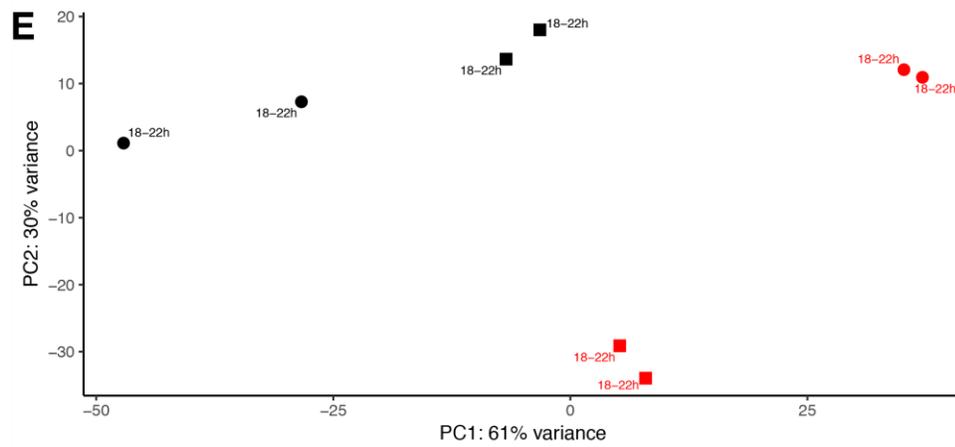
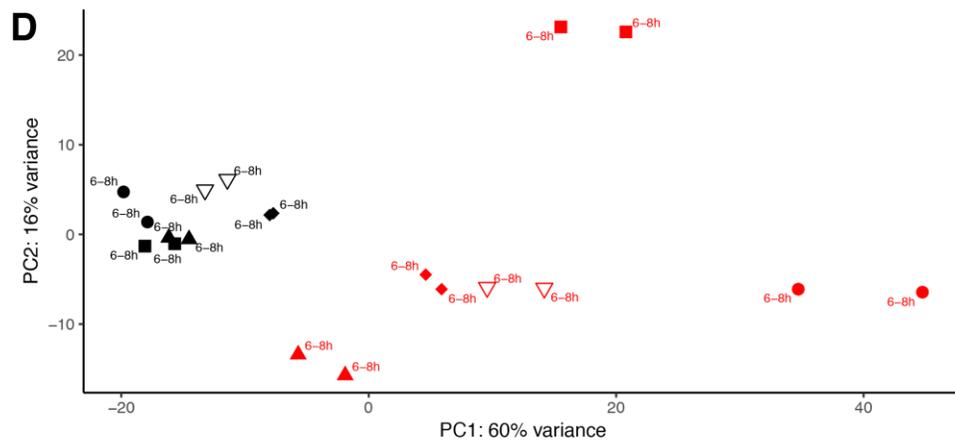
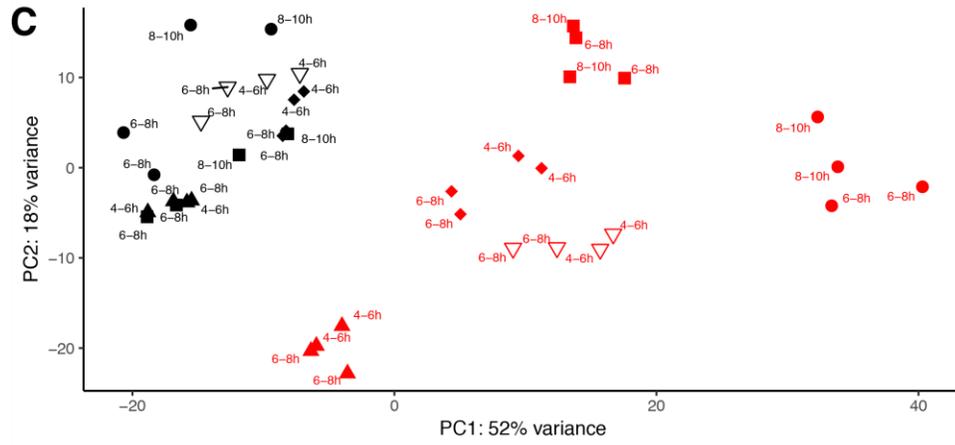
(A) Overview of *Drosophila* embryonic neurogenesis, timing and stages. Embryo images show stages of neurogenesis schematically and were obtained from the *Atlas of Drosophila Development* by Volker Hartstein (CSHL Press, 1992, used with permission). (B) Staging of representative samples corresponding to timed embryo collections ( $n = 2-3$  collections per line). Staging according to (Campos-Ortega & Hartenstein 1985). Cell type markers targeted for *DIV-MARIS* indicated for each fly line.

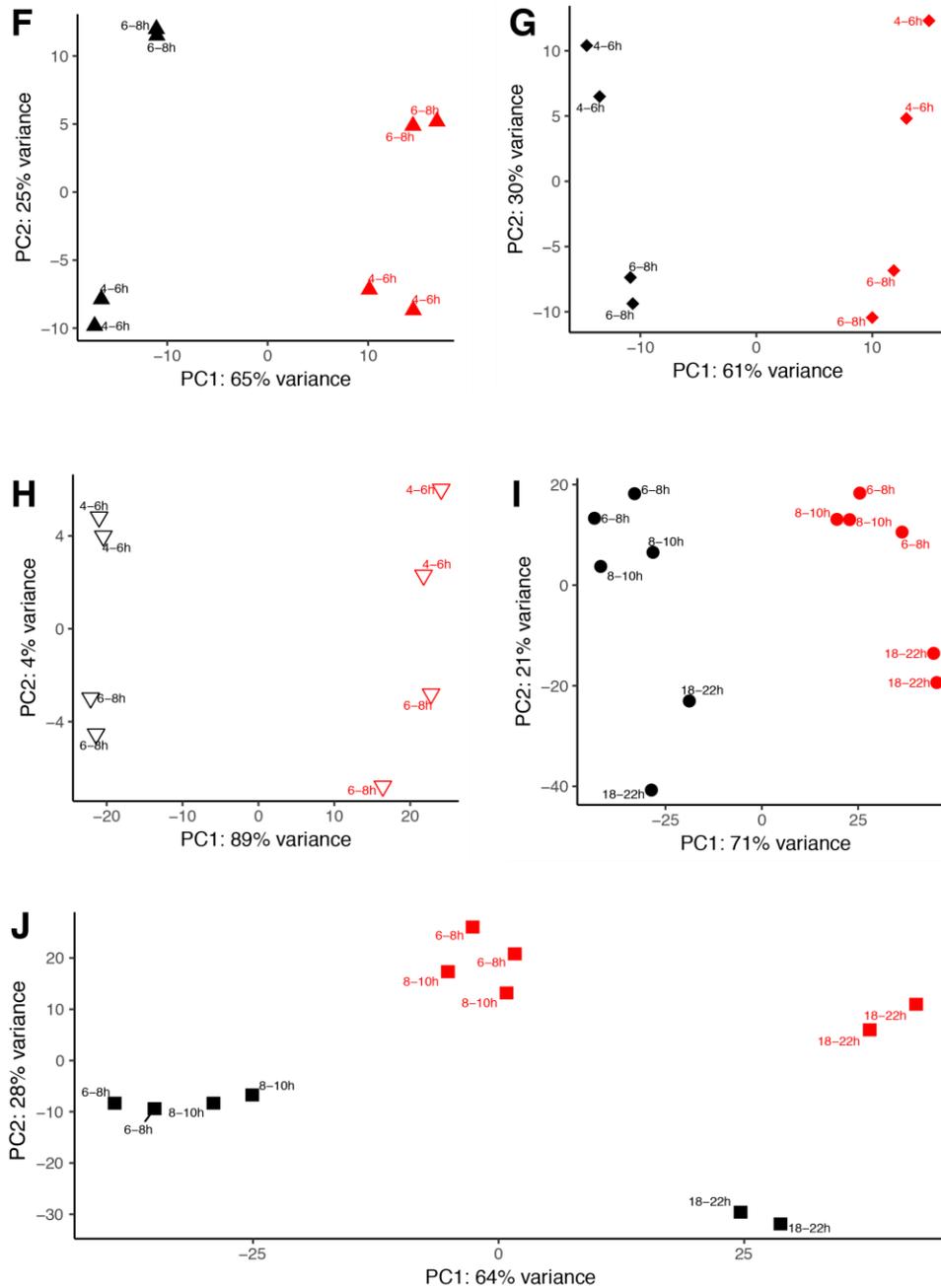


**Fig. S3: FACS gating strategy yields high purity of sorted populations**

(A) Example FACS gating strategy for sorting of marker-positive (P5; 6.7%) and marker-negative cells (P4; 79%). (B) Re-sort of marker-positive sorted cells shows enrichment of marker-positive (P5; 90.4%) and depletion of marker-negative cells (P4; 5.9%).

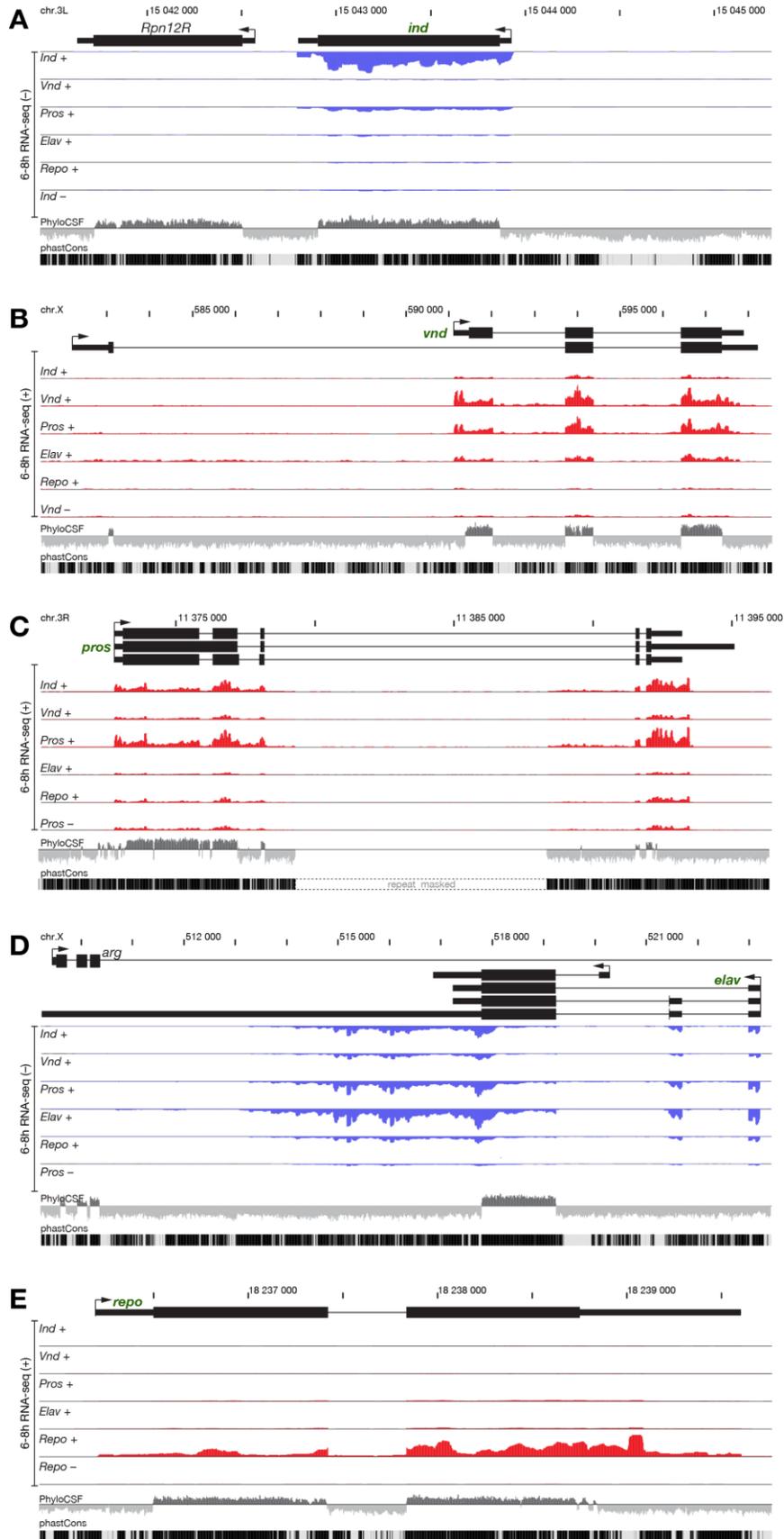






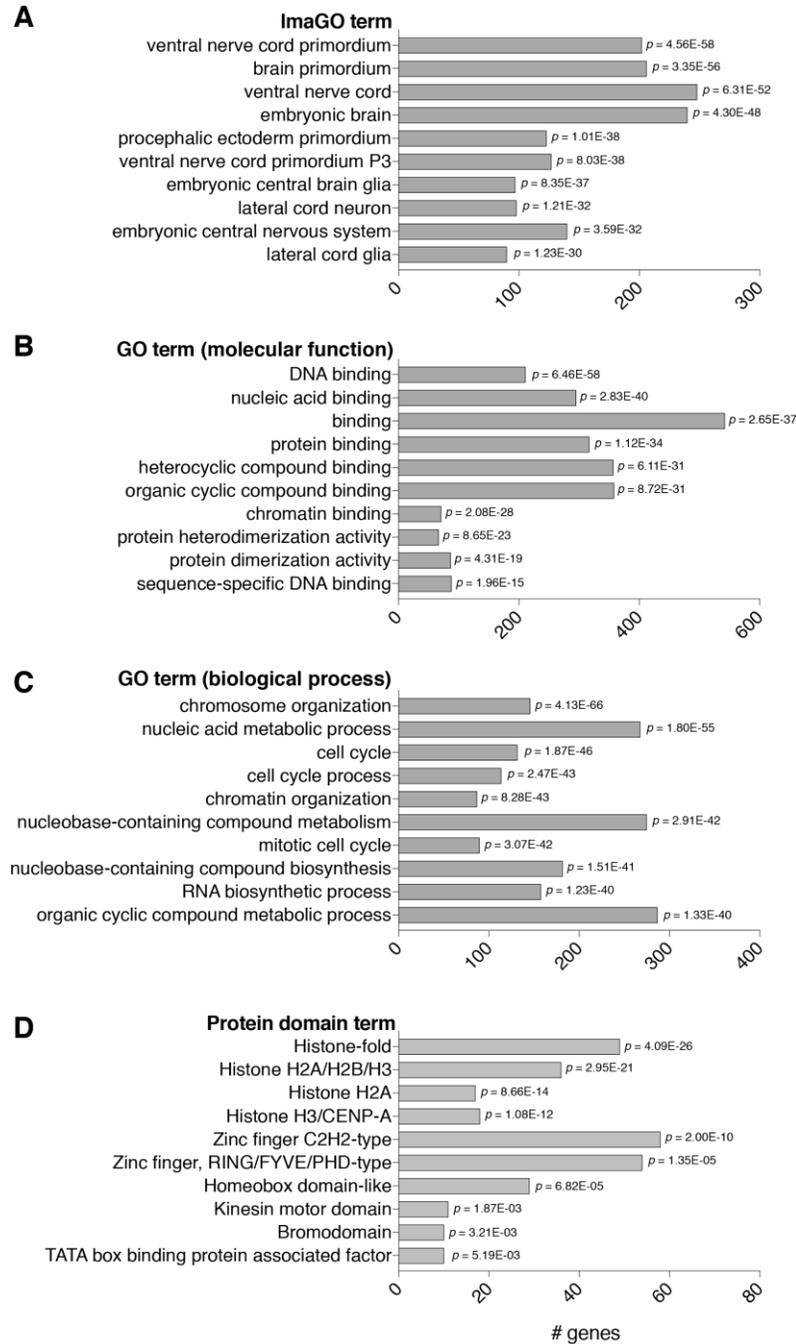
### Fig. S4: Principal component analyses separate spatiotemporal transcriptomes according to tissue and developmental age

Principal Component Analysis (PCA) with multiple permutations of datasets generated by *DIV*-SortSeq. Marker-enriched datasets depicted in red, marker-depleted datasets in black. (A) All datasets. (B) Only marker-positive datasets. (C) Only early (4-6, 6-8, 8-10h) datasets. (D) Only 6-8h datasets. (E). Only 18-22h datasets. (F). Only datasets sorted for *ind* expression. (G). All datasets sorted for *vnd* expression. (H) All datasets sorted for *pros* expression. (I) All datasets sorted for *elav* expression. (J) All datasets sorted on *repo* expression.



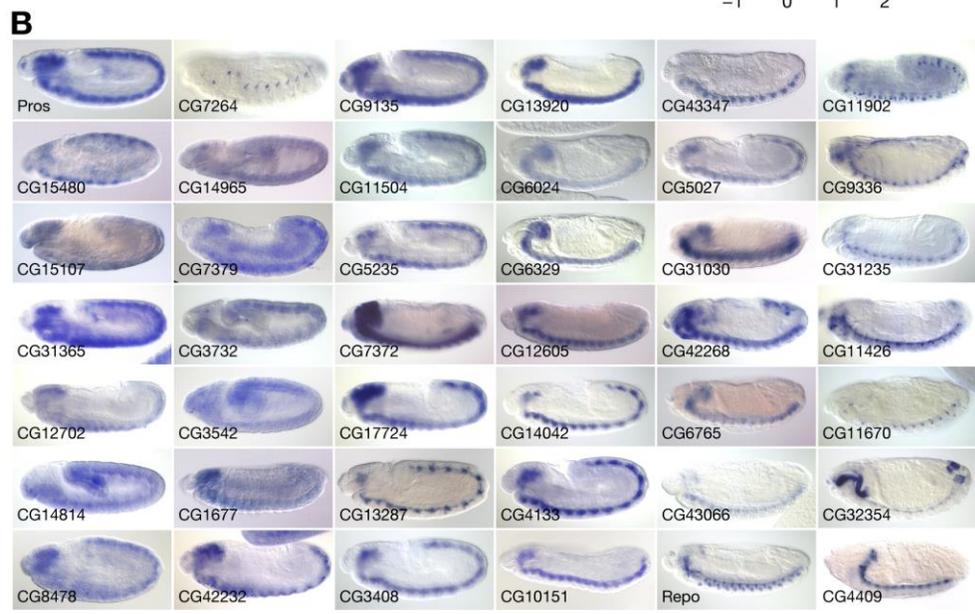
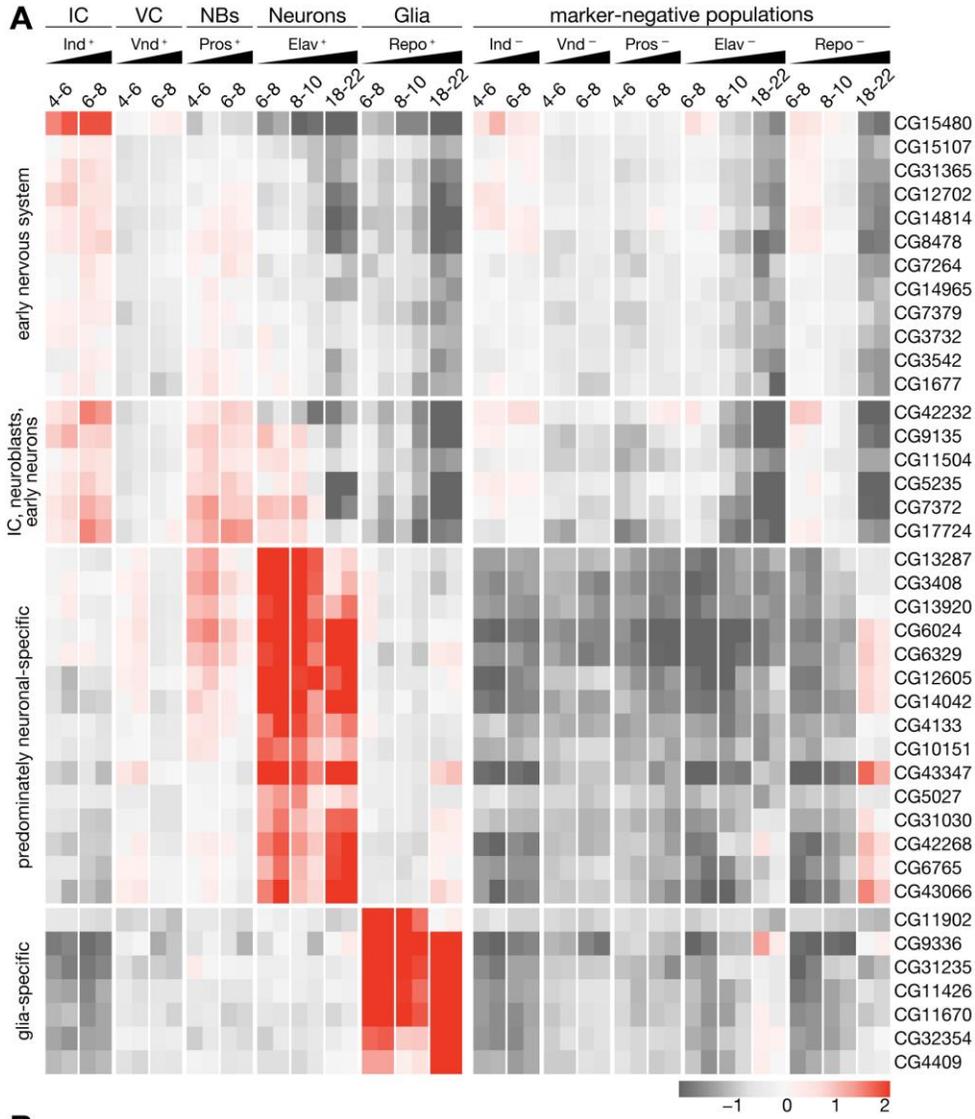
**Fig. S5: Cell type specific transcriptomes at neurogenic marker genes**

(A-E) Genome browser data of cell type specific transcriptomes around marker gene loci. Shown are annotated transcripts (top), RNA-seq coverage on the plus- (red) or minus-strand (blue) in the indicated sorts at 6-8hrs AEL, as well as coding potential as measured by PhyloCSF scores (all frames overlaid), and conservation amongst *Drosophilids* (phastCons). (A) *ind* locus. (B) *vnd* locus. (C) *pros* locus. (D) *elav* locus. (E) *repo* locus.



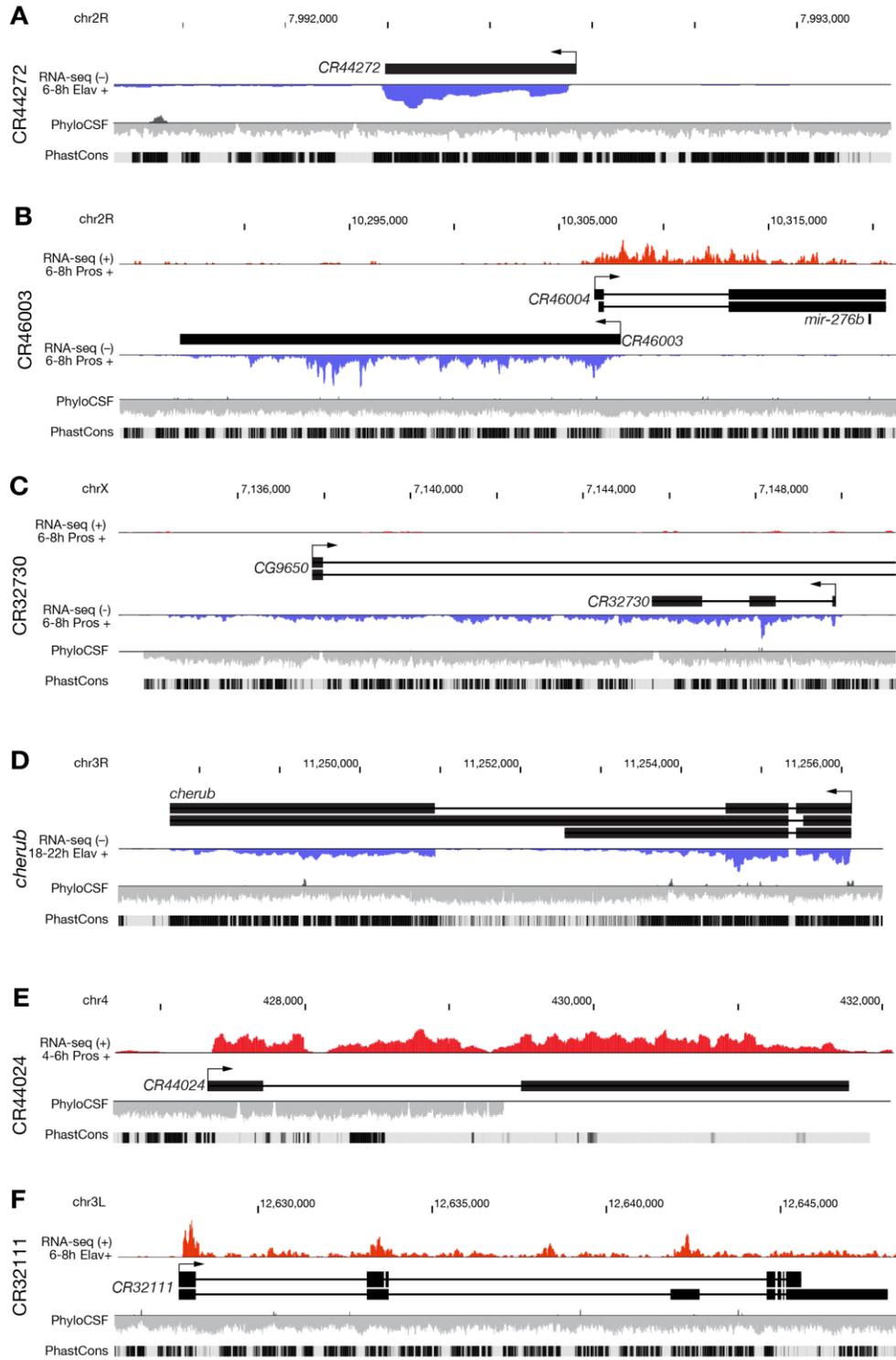
**Fig. S6: Annotations of regulated protein-coding genes predict expression and function**

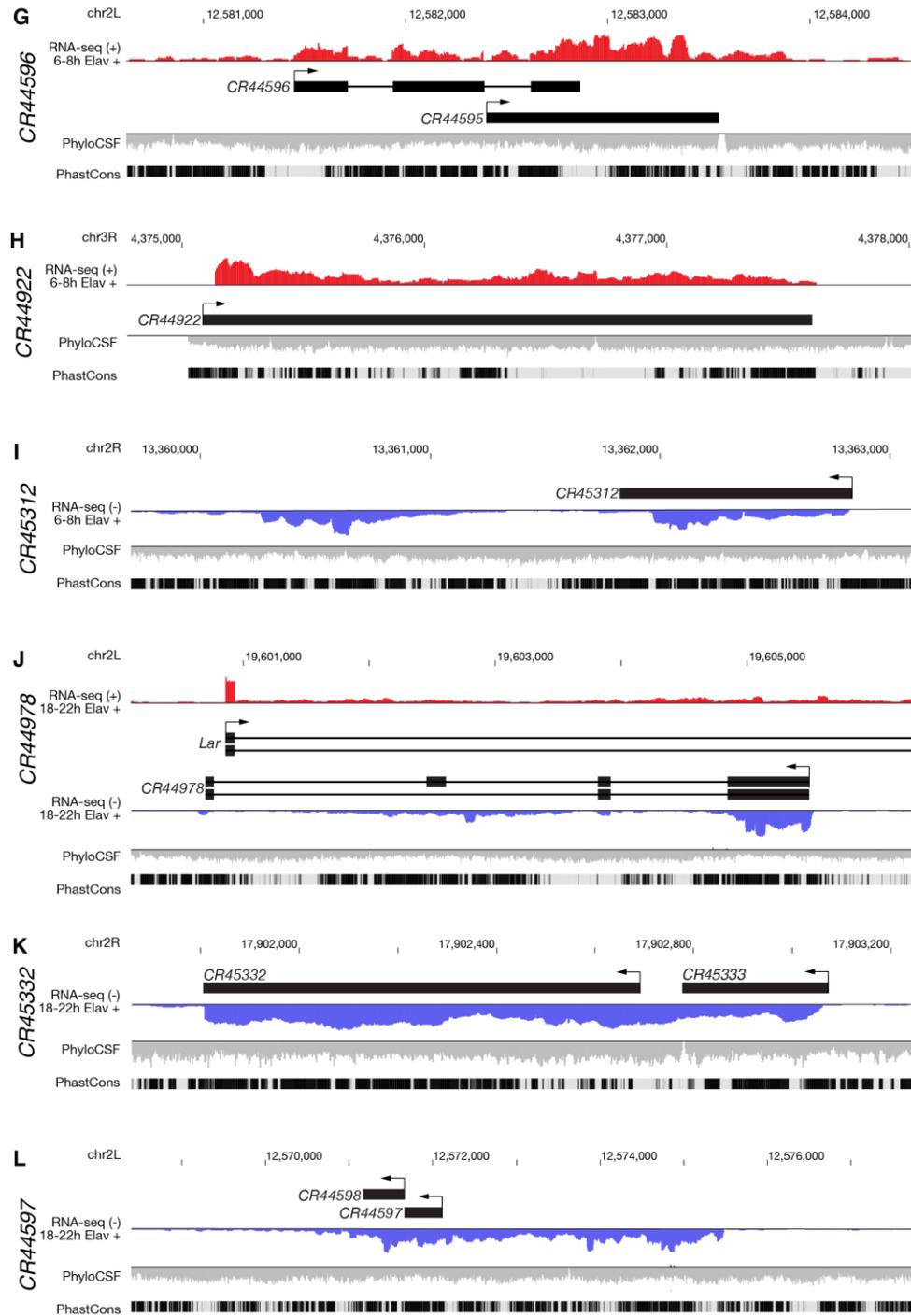
Analysis of features of 794 protein-coding genes correlated with known neurogenic genes (Pearson correlation,  $r > 0.9$ ) with Flymine {Lyne:2007jd}. (A) Top ImaGO terms. (B) Top GO terms (molecular function). (C) Top GO terms (biological process). (D) Top protein domain terms. Detailed analysis of all genes can be found in File S2.



**Fig. S7: DIV-SortSeq reveals a multitude of undescribed genes expressed with neurogenic spatiotemporal specificity**

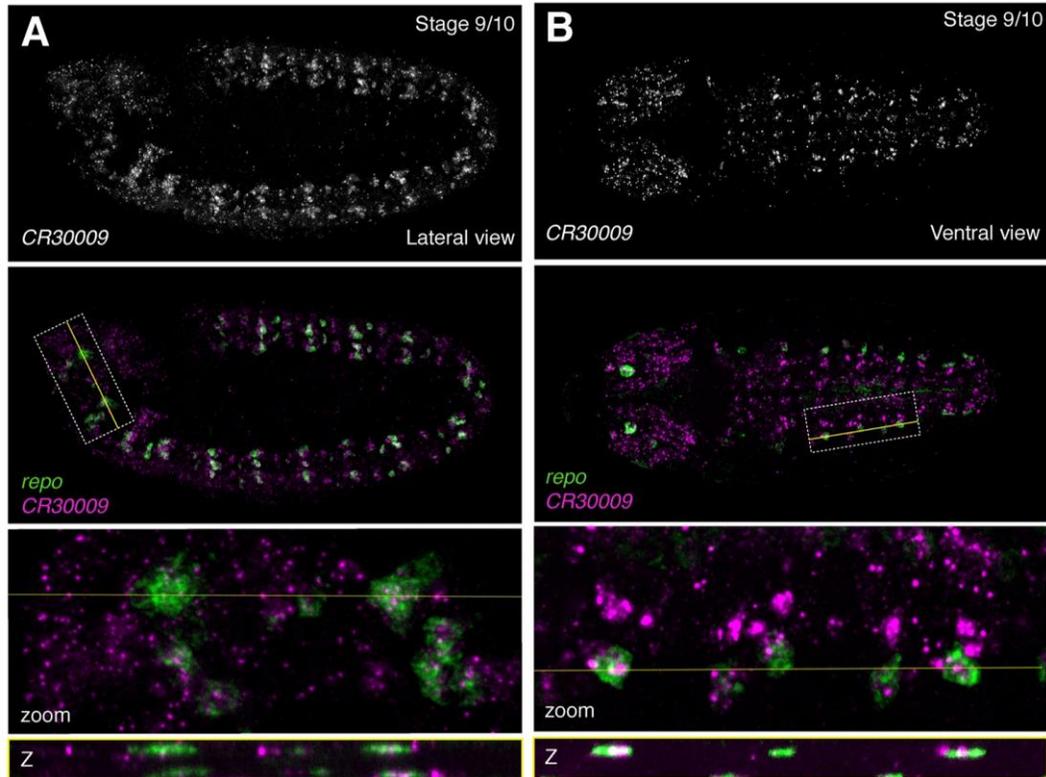
(A) Heatmap of expression profiles of protein-coding genes with unknown function enriched similarly as at least one marker in Fig. 2B (Pearson correlation,  $r > 0.9$ ). Row mean-centered expression values calculated via variance-stabilizing transformation of gene-level RNA-seq counts (scale =  $\log_2$  ratio to row mean). (B) Colorimetric RNA *in situ* hybridization of transcripts of unknown function identified in Fig. S7A. All embryos are shown in lateral orientation. Images obtained from Berkeley *Drosophila* Genome Project (Hammonds et al. 2013; Tomancak et al. 2002; Tomancak et al. 2007). A list of all 212 CGs with  $r > 0.9$  is available in Table S12.





**Figure S8: Cell type specific transcriptomes at neurogenic lncRNA loci**

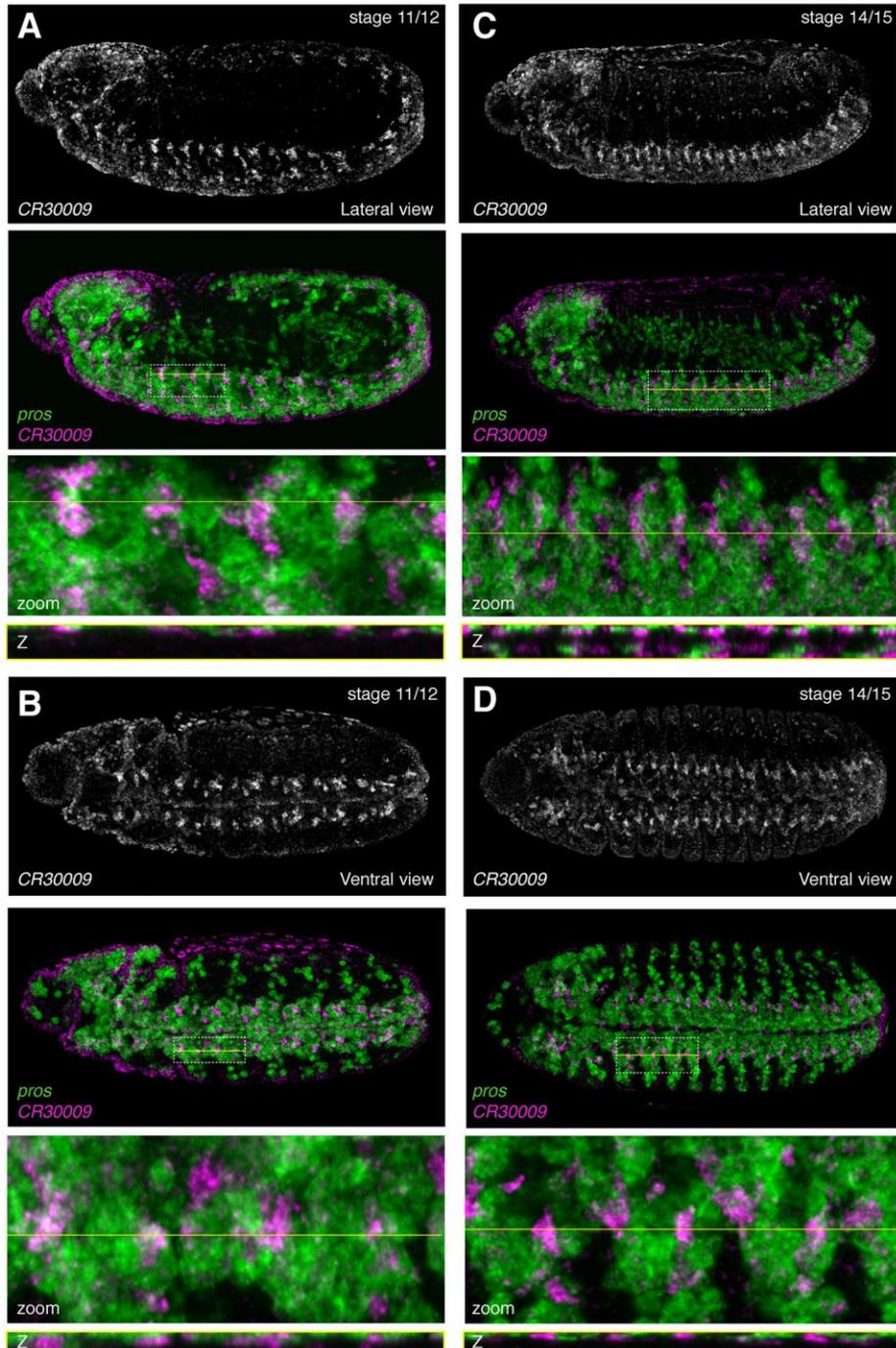
Browser images of selected lncRNA loci, display as in Figure S4: The (A) *CR44272*, (B) *CR46003* and *CR46004* (pri-miR-276b), (C) *CR32730*, (D) *cherub*, (E) *CR44024*, (F) *CR32111*, (G) *CR44596*, (H) *CR44922*, (I) *CR45312*, (J) *CR44978*, (K) *CR45332* (This gene model might be misannotated – *CR45332* and *CR45333* might be a single transcript), and the (L) *CR44596* and *CR44597* locus.



**Fig. S9: The lncRNA *CR30009* is expressed in glial subsets in early embryos**

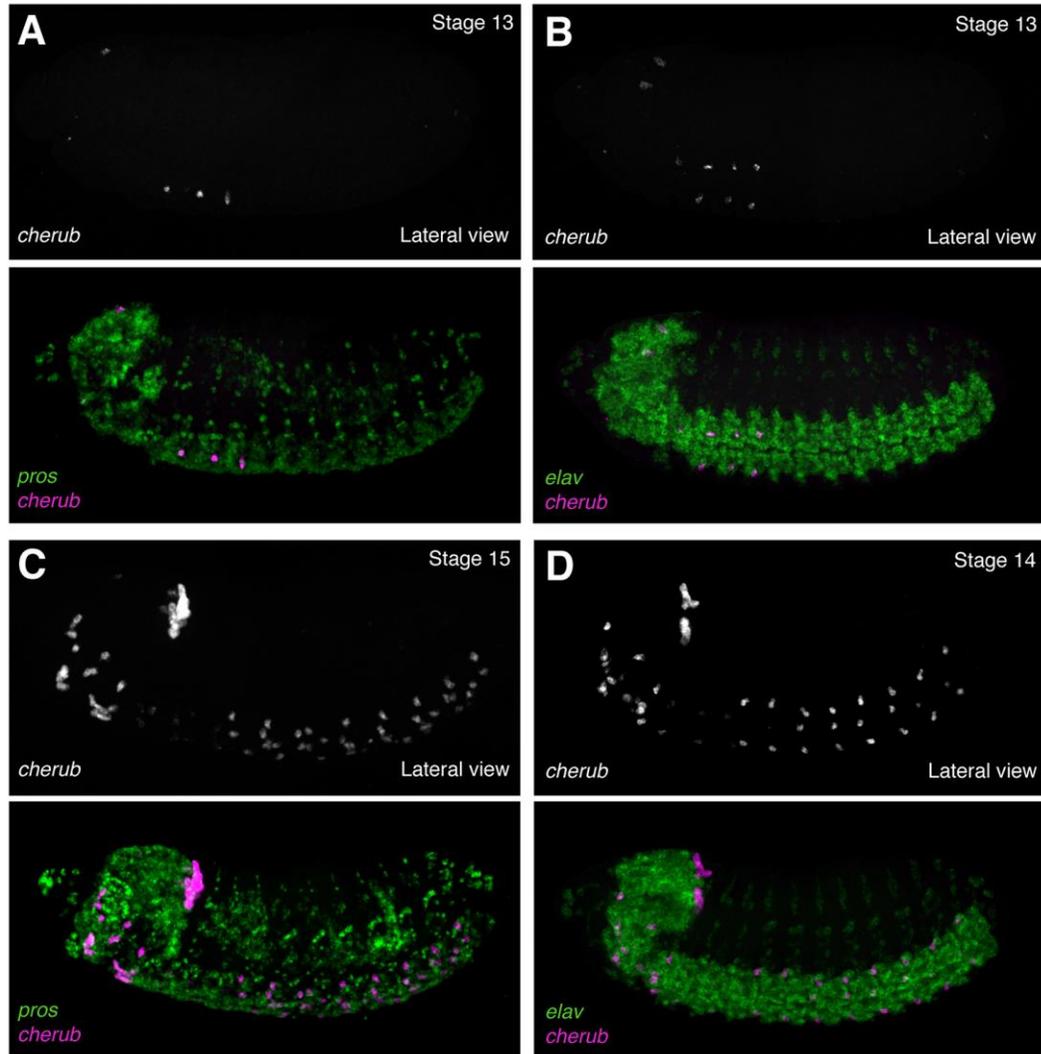
RNA fluorescent in situ hybridization (RNA-FISH) against *CR30009* and the glial marker *repo*.

(A) Lateral view, stage 9/10. (B) Ventral view, stage 9/10. Top: *CR30009* alone. Second from top: *CR30009* (magenta) overlaid with *repo* (green). Dashed white box indicates region of interest (ROI) and yellow line indicates Z-slice through ROI. Second from bottom: zoom-in of ROI. Bottom: Slice through Z-stack as indicated by yellow line.



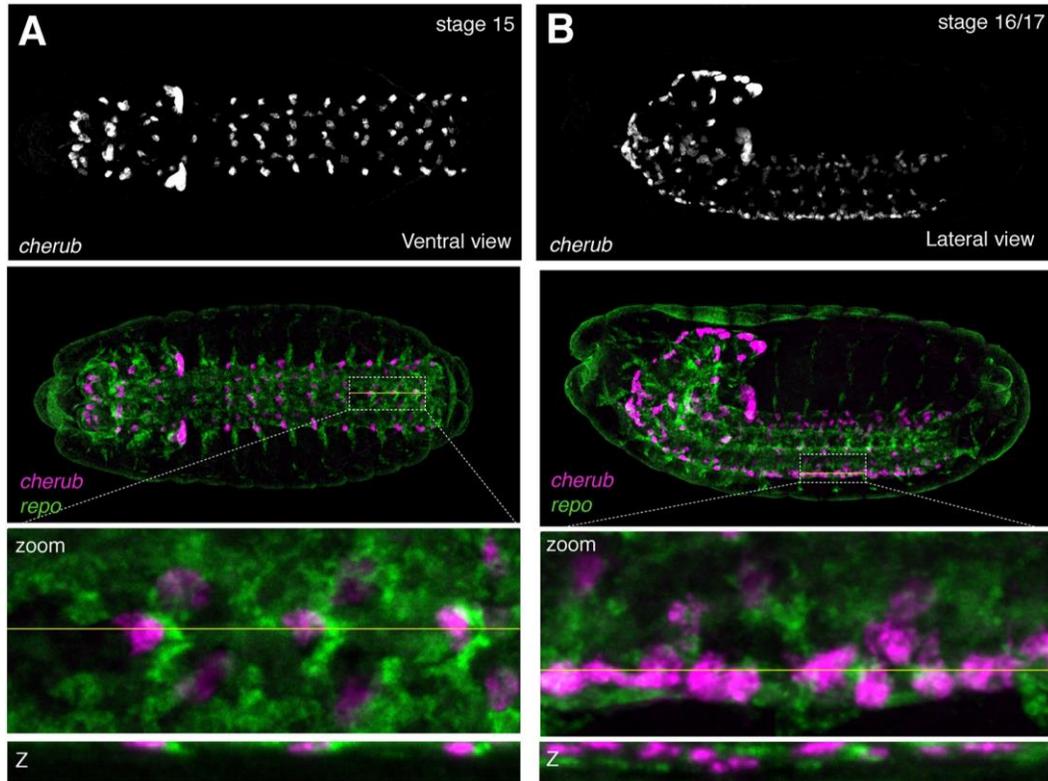
**Fig. S10: The lncRNA *CR30009* is expressed in neuroblast subsets**

RNA fluorescent in situ hybridization (RNA-FISH) against *CR30009* and the neuroblast marker *pros*. (A) Lateral view, stage 11/12. (B) Lateral view, stage 14/15. (C) Ventral view; stage 11/12. (D). Ventral view; stage 14/15. Top: *CR30009* alone. Second from top: *CR30009* (magenta) overlaid with *pros* (green). Dashed white box indicates region of interest (ROI) and yellow line indicates Z-slice through ROI. Second from bottom: zoom-in of ROI. Bottom: Slice through Z-stack as indicated by yellow line.



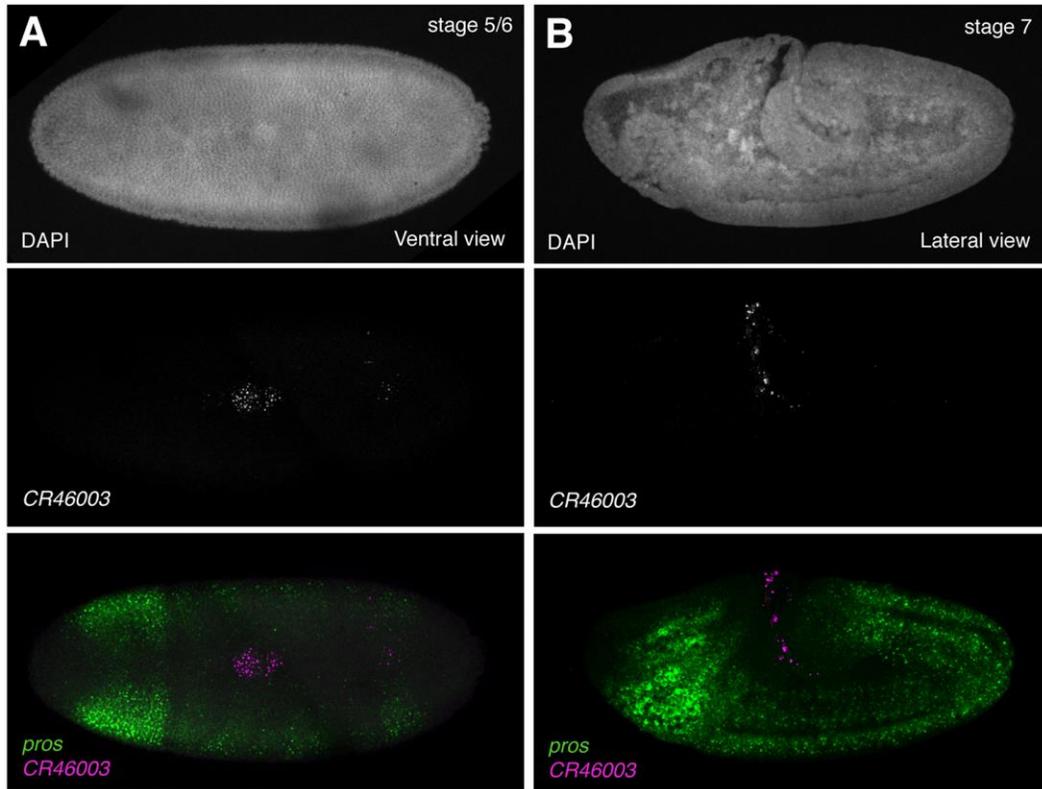
**Fig S11: The lncRNA *cherub* is regulated with strict spatiotemporal specificity.**

RNA fluorescent in situ hybridization (RNA-FISH) against *cherub*, the neuroblast marker *pros*, and the neuronal marker *elav*. Lateral view. (A) *cherub* with *pros*; stage 13. (B) *cherub* with *elav*; stage 13. (C) *cherub* with *pros*; stage 15. (D) *cherub* with *elav*; stage 14. Top: *cherub* alone. Second from top: *cherub* (magenta) overlaid with marker (green).



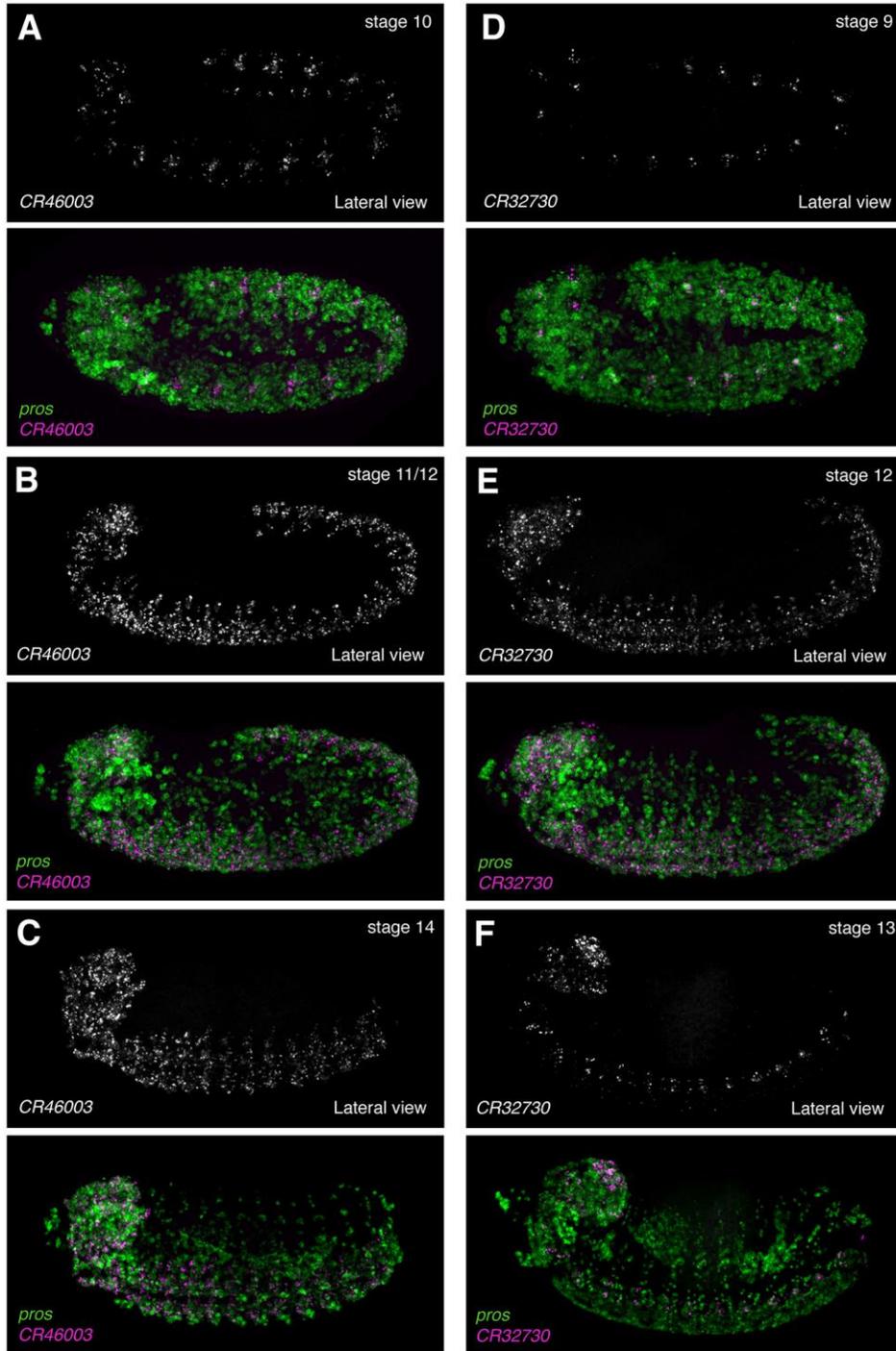
**Fig S12: The lncRNA *cherub* is expressed in glial subsets in late embryos**

RNA fluorescent in situ hybridization (RNA-FISH) against *cherub* and the glial marker *repo*. (A) Ventral view; stage 15. (B) Lateral view; stage 16/17. Top: *cherub* alone. Second from top: *cherub* (magenta) overlaid with *repo* (green). Dashed white box indicates region of interest (ROI) and yellow line indicates Z-slice through ROI. Second from bottom: zoom-in of ROI. Bottom: Slice through Z-stack as indicated by yellow line.



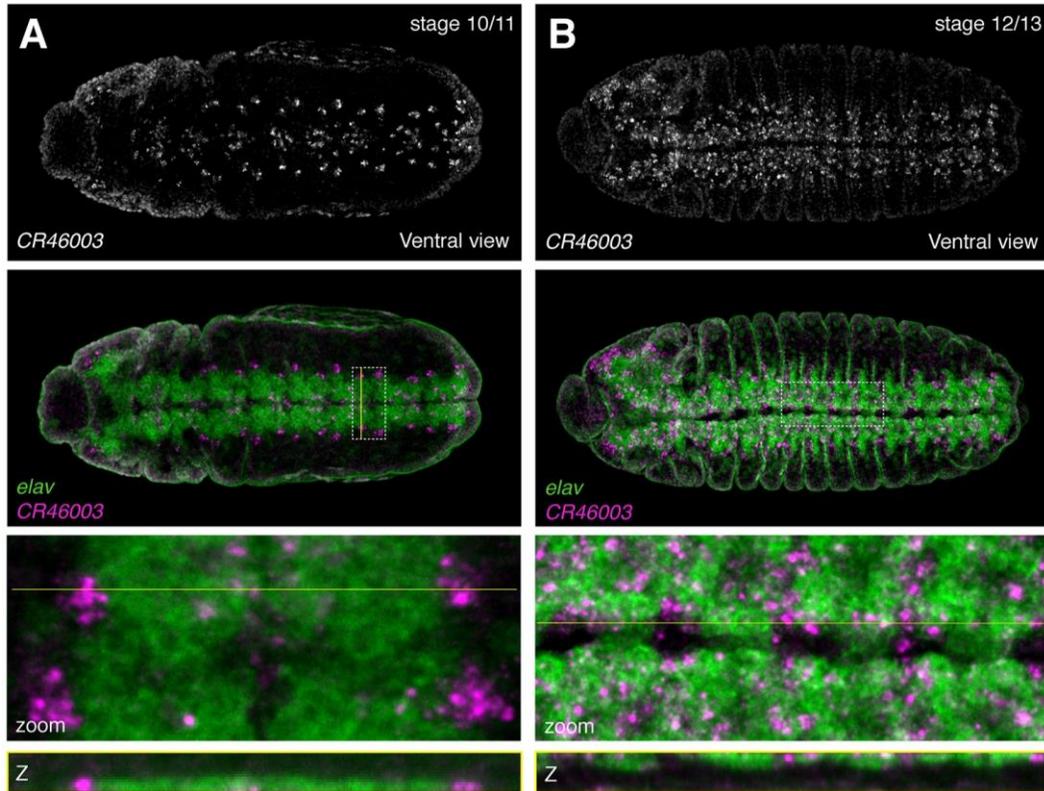
**Fig S13: The lncRNA *CR46003* is expressed in early embryogenesis**

RNA fluorescent *in situ* hybridization (RNA-FISH) against *CR46003* with the neuroblast marker *pros*. (A) Dorsal view; stage 5/6. (B) Lateral view; stage 7/8. Top: DAPI, middle: *CR46003* alone. Bottom: *CR46003* (magenta) overlaid with *pros* (green).



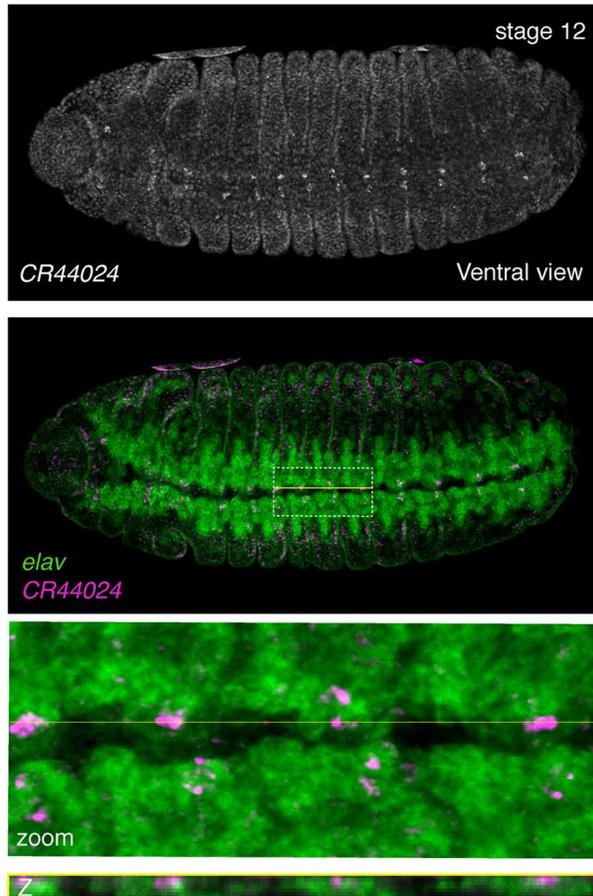
**Fig S14: The lncRNAs *CR46003* and *CR32730* are expressed with similar spatiotemporal specificity.**

RNA fluorescent *in situ* hybridization (RNA-FISH) against *CR46003* and *CR32730* together with the neuroblast marker *pros*. Lateral view. (A) *CR46003*; stage 10. (B) *CR46003*; stage 11/12. (C) *CR46003*; stage 14. (D) *CR32730*; stage 9. (E) *CR32730*; stage 12. (F) *CR32730*; stage 13. Top: lncRNA alone. Second from top: lncRNA (magenta) overlaid with *pros* (green).



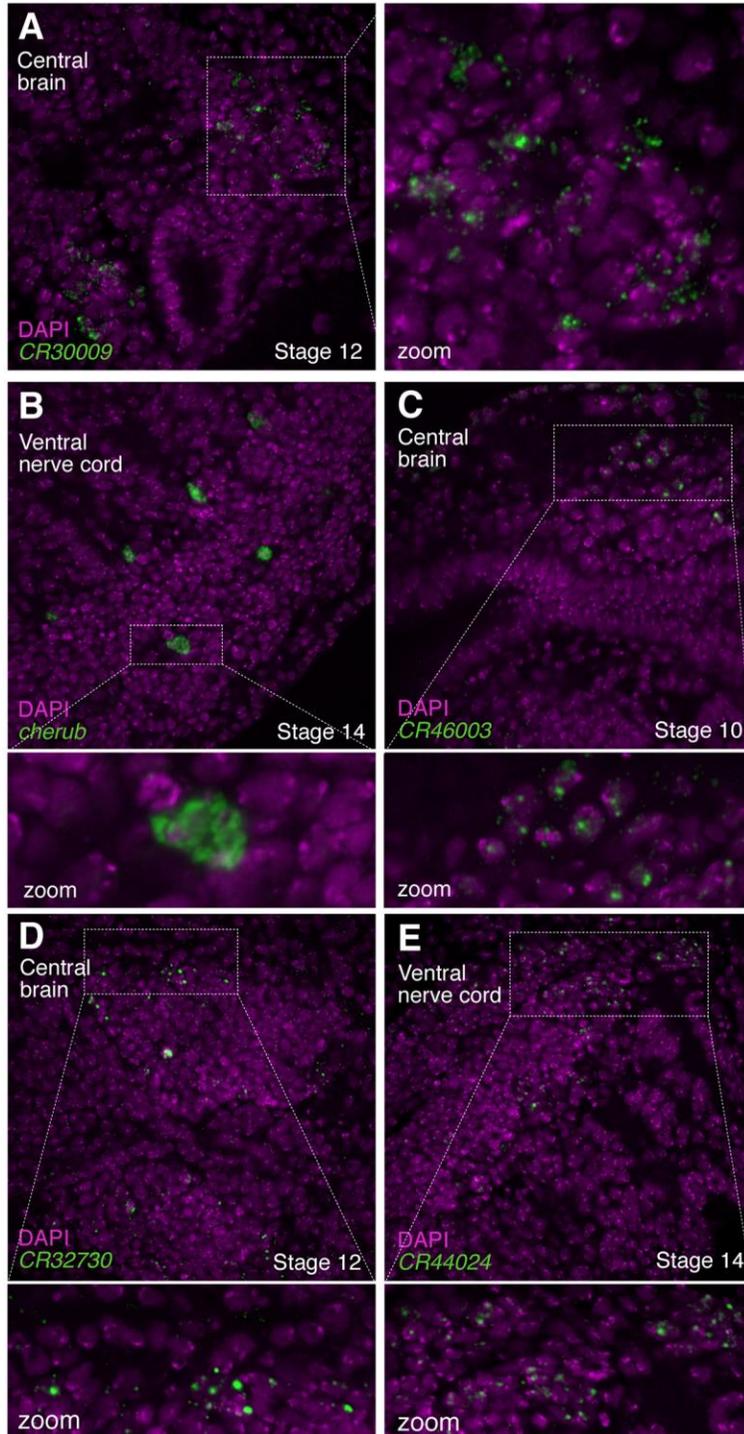
**Fig S15: The lncRNA *CR46003* is expressed in neuronal subsets**

RNA fluorescent in situ hybridization (RNA-FISH) against *CR46003* with the neuronal marker, *elav*. Ventral view. (A) Stage 10/11. (B) Stage 12/13. Top: *CR46003* alone. Second from top: *CR46003* (magenta) overlaid with *elav* (green). Dashed white box indicates region of interest (ROI) and yellow line indicates Z-slice through ROI. Second from bottom: zoom-in of ROI. Bottom: Slice through Z-stack as indicated by yellow line.



**Fig S16: The lncRNA *CR44024* is expressed from stage 12 in neuronal subsets of the ventral nerve cord.**

RNA fluorescent in situ hybridization (RNA-FISH) against *CR44024* with the neuronal marker, *elav*. Ventral view, stage 12. Top: *CR44024* alone. Second from top: *CR44024* (magenta) overlaid with *elav* (green). Dashed white box indicates region of interest (ROI) and yellow line indicates Z-slice through ROI. Second from bottom: zoom-in of ROI. Bottom: Slice through Z-stack as indicated by yellow line.



**Fig S17: LncRNAs exhibit varying patterns of subcellular distribution**

RNA fluorescent in situ hybridization (RNA-FISH) against lncRNAs (green) overlaid with the nucleic acid marker, DAPI (magenta). (A) *CR30009*; central brain, stage 12. (B) *cherub*; ventral nerve cord, stage 14. (C) *CR46003*; central brain, stage 10. (D) *CR32730*; central brain, stage 12. (E) *CR44024*; ventral nerve cord, stage 14. (A) Left panel: Dashed white box indicates region of interest (ROI). Right panel: zoom-in of ROI. (B-E) Top panel: Dashed white box indicates region of interest (ROI). Bottom panel: zoom-in of ROI.

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